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- (ii) It is likely that such losses will be sufficiently high as to justify the Board concluding that the reserve ratio should be allowed:
- (A) To grow temporarily without requiring dividends when the reserve ratio is between 1.35 and 1.50 percent; or
 - (B) To exceed 1.50 percent.
- (2) In making a determination under this paragraph, the Board shall consider:
- (i) National and regional conditions and their impact on insured depository institutions:
- (ii) Potential problems affecting insured depository institutions or a specific group or type of depository institution;
- (iii) The degree to which the contingent liability of the FDIC for anticipated failures of insured institutions adequately addresses concerns over funding levels in the DIF; and
- (iv) Any other factors that the Board may deem appropriate.
- (3) Within 270 days of making a determination under this paragraph, the Board shall submit a report to the Committee on Financial Services and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, providing a detailed explanation of its determination, including a discussion of the factors considered.
- (e) The Board shall annually review any determination to suspend or limit dividend payments and must either:
- (1) Make a new finding justifying the renewal of the suspension or limitation under paragraph (d) of this section, and submit a report as required under paragraph (d)(3) of this section; or
- (2) Reinstate the payment of dividends as required by paragraph (b) or (c) of this section.

§ 327.53 Allocation and payment of dividends.

- (a)(1) The allocation of any dividend among insured depository institutions shall be based on the institution's 1996 assessment base share and the institution's eligible premium share.
- (2) As set forth in the following table, the part of a dividend allocated based upon an institution's 1996 assessment base share shall decline steadily from 100 percent to zero over fifteen years,

and the part of a dividend allocated based upon an institution's eligible premium share shall increase steadily over the same fifteen-year period from zero to 100 percent. The 15-year period shall begin as if it had applied to a dividend based upon the reserve ratio at the end of 2006 and shall end with respect to any dividend based upon the reserve ratio at the end of 2021. Dividends based upon the reserve ratio as of December 31, 2021, and thereafter shall be allocated among insured depository institutions based solely on eligible premium shares.

TOTAL DIF DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION TABLE

Based upon the DIF reserve ratio at year-end	Part of total DIF dividend determined by:	
	1996 Assessment base shares	Eligible premium shares
2006 1	1 (100.0%)	0 (0%)
2007 1	14/15 (93.3%)	1/15 (6.7%)
2008	13/15 (86.7%)	2/15 (13/3%)
2009	4/5 (80.0%)	1/5 (20.0%)
2010	11/15 (73.3%)	4/15 (26.7%)
2011	2/3 (66.7%)	1/3 (33.3%)
2012	3/5 (60.0%)	2/5 (40.0%)
2013	8/15 (53.3%)	7/15 (46.7%)
2014	7/15 (46.7%)	8/15 (53.3%)
2015	2/5 (40.0%)	3/5 (60.0%)
2016	1/3 (33.3%)	2/3 (66.7%)
2017	4/15 (26.7%)	11/15 (73.3%)
2018	1/5 (20.0%)	4/5 (80.0%)
2019	2/15 (13.3%)	13/15 (86.7%)
2020	1/15 (6.7%)	14/15 (93.3%)
2021	Ò (0%)	1 (100.0%)
Thereafter	0 (0%)	1 (100%)
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¹The 15-year period shall be computed as if it had applied to dividends based upon the reserve ratios at the end of 2006 and 2007.

- (b) The FDIC shall notify each insured depository institution of the amount of such institution's dividend payment based on its share as determined pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section. Notice shall be given as soon as practicable after the Board's declaration of a dividend through a special notice of dividend
- (c) The FDIC shall pay individual dividend amounts, unless they are the subject of a request for review under §327.54, to insured depository institutions on June 30 of the year the dividend is declared. The FDIC shall notify institutions whether dividends will offset the next collection of assessments at the time of the invoice. An institution's dividend amount will be settled with that institution's assessment. Any excess dividend amount will be a

net credit to the institution and will be deposited into the deposit account designated by the institution for assessment payment purposes pursuant to subpart A of this part. If the dividend amount is less than the amount of assessment due, then the institution's account will be directly debited by the FDIC to reflect the net amount owed to the FDIC as an assessment.

(d) If an insured depository institution's dividend amount is subject to review under §327.54, and that request is not finally resolved prior to the dividend payment date, the FDIC shall withhold the payment of the disputed portion of the dividend amount involved in the request for review. Adjustments to an individual institution's dividend amount based on the final determination of a request for review will be handled in the same manner as assessment underpayments and overpayments.

(e) An institution may sell, assign, or otherwise transfer its right to a current or future dividend. However, the FDIC will pay dividend amounts to insured institutions without regard to any such sale, assignment or transfer, regardless of whether the FDIC has received notice of the sale, assignment or transfer.

§ 327.54 Requests for review.

(a) An insured depository institution may submit a request for review of the FDIC's determination of the institution's 1996 assessment base share and/ or its eligible premium share as shown on the institution's quarterly assessment invoice. Such requests shall be subject to the provisions of §327.3(f)(3) of this part, except for the invoice provided by the FDIC in March of any calendar year in which the FDIC declares a dividend. If the FDIC declares a dividend, any request for review of an institution's 1996 assessment base share and/or its eligible premium share as shown on the institution's March quarterly assessment invoice must be filed within 30 days of the date that the FDIC notifies the institution of its dividend amount. If an institution does not submit a timely request for review for the first invoice in which the dividend-related information that forms the basis for the request appears, the institution shall be barred from subsequently requesting review of that information.

- (b) An insured depository institution may submit a request for review of the FDIC's determination of the institution's dividend amount as shown on the special notice of dividend. Such review may be requested if:
- (1) The institution disagrees with the calculation of the dividend as stated on the special notice of dividend; or
- (2) The institution believes that the 1996 assessment base ratio attributed to the institution is inaccurate or has not been adjusted to include the 1996 assessment base ratio of an institution acquired by merger or transfer pursuant to §§327.33 and 327.34 of this part and §327.51(g), and the institution has not had a prior opportunity to request review or appeal under subpart B of this part or paragraph (a) of this section; or
- (3) The institution believes that the special notice does not fully or accurately reflect its eligible premiums or those of any of its predecessors and the institution has not had a prior opportunity to request review or appeal under subpart B of this part or paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) Any such request for review under paragraph (b) of this section must be submitted within 30 days of the date of the special notice of dividend for which a change is requested. The request for review shall be submitted to the Division of Finance and shall provide documentation sufficient to support the change sought by the institution. If an institution does not submit a timely request for review, that institution may not subsequently request review of its dividend amount, subject to paragraph (d) of this section. At the time of filing with the FDIC, the requesting institution shall notify, to the extent practicable, any other insured depository institution that would be directly and materially affected by granting the request for review and provide such institution with copies of the request for review, the supporting documentation, and the FDIC's procedures for requests under this subpart. The FDIC shall make reasonable efforts, based on its